

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

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IN RE PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY	)	MDL NO. 1456
AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICE	)	CIVIL ACTION NO. 01-CV-12257-PBS
LITIGATION	)	
	)	Judge Patti B. Saris
THIS DOCUMENTS RELATES TO	)	Chief Mag. Judge Marianne B. Bowler
ALL ACTIONS	)	

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RESPONSE OF ASTRAZENECA PHARMACEUTICALS LP TO PLAINTIFFS'  
"EMERGENCY" REQUEST FOR IMMEDIATE ORAL ARGUMENT WITH  
RESPECT TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO SET ASIDE THE TEN DEPOSITION  
LIMIT

Defendant AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP (“AstraZeneca”) respectfully submits its response to Plaintiffs “Emergency” Request for Immediate Oral Argument on Plaintiffs’ Motion to Set Aside the Ten Deposition Limit with Respect to Defendant AstraZeneca.<sup>1</sup> AstraZeneca is available for oral argument on Plaintiffs’ motion at the Court’s convenience. Nevertheless, Plaintiffs’ stated reasons for the emergency relief are without merit and misleading. Accordingly, AstraZeneca submits this brief response.

1. Plaintiffs suggest that AstraZeneca has violated CMO 10 and inappropriately refused to schedule the numerous depositions that Plaintiffs have noticed over and above the 22 depositions that AstraZeneca agreed to schedule. This argument inappropriately assumes that Plaintiffs are correct with respect to their underlying motion. They are not. Moreover, CMO 10 does not contain any provisions lifting the limits set

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<sup>1</sup> Although Plaintiffs state in their Notice that they waive their right to file a reply in support of their motion to set aside the ten deposition limit, there is no such right of reply under local rules. See Local Rule 7.1(b)(3). Moreover, their “waiver” is disingenuous, because their “Notice” is nothing more than a reply with a different title.

forth in Rule 30(a)(2)(A) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or Local Rule 26.1(c), which require Court approval for depositions above the ten deposition limit absent an agreement between the parties. Instead of complying with these rules, Plaintiffs have turned them on their head by seeking permission to set aside the ten deposition limit only after noticing at least forty depositions more than the number agreed to by the parties.

2. Plaintiffs also argue that AstraZeneca is seeking to run out the discovery clock in order to achieve a *de facto* extension of the discovery deadline. Quite the opposite is true. It is Plaintiffs who have run out the discovery clock by being dilatory in their efforts to take depositions, despite having access to documents and data from AstraZeneca for more than a year. It is Plaintiffs who are seeking a *de facto* extension of the discovery deadline – which should be denied – by requesting an extraordinary number of depositions on the eve of the discovery cutoff, which has already been extended multiple times. Indeed, Plaintiffs’ “emergency”, if it exists, is one entirely of their own making.

Dated: Boston, Massachusetts  
July 22, 2005

Respectfully Submitted,

By: /s/ Lucy Fowler

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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was delivered to all counsel of record by electronic service pursuant to Paragraph 11 of Case Management Order No. 2, by sending on July 22, 2005, a copy to Verilaw Technologies for posting and notification to all parties.

/s/ Lucy Fowler  
Lucy Fowler